

# **COMPLEMENTI DI BASI DI DATI**

## **Parte V: XSLT**

Prof. Riccardo Torlone  
Università Roma Tre

# Outline

- How XML documents may be rendered in browsers
- How the XSLT language transforms XML documents
- How XPath is used in XSLT

# Presenting a Business Card

```
<card xml ns="http://businesscard.org">
  <name>John Doe</name>
  <title>CEO, Widget Inc.</title>
  <email>john.doe@widget.inc</email>
  <phone>(202) 555-1414</phone>
  <logo uri="widget.gif"/>
</card>
```



# Using CSS

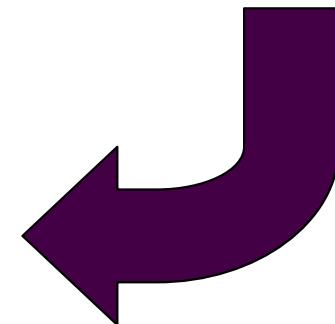
```
card { background-color: #cccccc; border: none; width: 300; }
name { display: block; font-size: 20pt; margin-left: 0; }
title { display: block; margin-left: 20pt; }
email { display: block; font-family: monospace; margin-left: 20pt; }
phone { display: block; margin-left: 20pt; }
```



- Better, but:
  - the information cannot be rearranged
  - information encoded in attributes cannot be exploited
  - additional structure cannot be introduced

# Using XSLT

```
<?xml -stylesheet type="text/xsl "
      href="businesscard.xsl"?>
<card xmlns="http://businesscard.org">
  <name>John Doe</name>
  <title>CEO, Widget Inc.</title>
  <email>john.doe@widget.inc</email>
  <phone>(202) 555-1414</phone>
  <logo uri="widget.gif"/>
</card>
```



# XSLT for Business Cards (1/2)

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform"
      xml ns: b="http: //busi nesscard. org"
      xml ns="http: //www. w3. org/1999/xhtml ">

<xsl : templ ate match="b: card">
  <html>
    <head>
      <titl e><xsl : val ue-of select="b: name/text()" /></titl e>
    </head>
    <body bgcol or="#ffffff">
      <table border="3">
        <tr>
          <td>
            <xsl : appl y-templ ates select="b: name"/><br/>
            <xsl : appl y-templ ates select="b: titl e"/><p/>
            <tt><xsl : appl y-templ ates select="b: email"/></tt><br/>
```

# XSLT for Business Cards (2/2)

```
<xsl:if test="b: phone">
    Phone: <xsl:apply-templates select="b: phone"/><br/>
</xsl:if>
</td>
<td>
    <xsl:if test="b: logo">
        
    </xsl:if>
</td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="b: name|b: title|b: email|b: phone">
    <xsl:value-of select="text()"/>
</xsl:template>

</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# XSLT Stylesheets

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
      xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
  <xsl : template match="...">
    ...
    <xsl : template/>
    ...
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

- An XSLT stylesheet contains **template rules** denoted by a **template** element
- Each rule has a **pattern** denoted by the **match** attribute
- The processor finds the rule matching the document root
- It then executes the template body of this rule.

# Use of XPath in XSLT

- Specifying patterns for template rules
- Selecting nodes for processing
- Computing boolean conditions
- Generating text contents for the output document

# The Context

- A context item (a node in the source tree or an atomic value)
- A context position and size
- A set of variable bindings (mapping variable names to values)
- A function library (including those from XPath)
- A set of namespace declarations

# The Initial Context of an XSLT stylesheet

- The context item is the document root
- The context position and size both have value 1
- The set of variable bindings contains only global parameters
- The function library is the default one
- The namespace declarations are those defined in the root element of the stylesheet

# Template Rules

```
<xsl:template match="...">  
    ...  
</xsl:template>
```

- The `match` attribute contains a **pattern**
- The content of the template element is a **sequence constructor**
- Evaluation:
  - Find the template rules that match the context node
  - Select the most specific one
  - Evaluate the body (a sequence constructor)

# Patterns

- A pattern is a restricted XPath expression
  - it is a union of path expressions
  - each path expression contains a number of steps separated by / or //
  - each step may only use the child or attribute axis (abbreviated)
- Individual paths are separated by "|"
- Wildcard "\*" selects all possibilities

```
rcp: recipi/ rcp: ingredienti@amount |  
rcp: recipi// rcp: nutrimenti@*
```

# Matching

- A pattern matches a node if
  - starting from some node in the tree:
  - the given node is contained in the resulting sequence
  - is the most specific in the stylesheet

rcp: recipi pe/ rcp: ingredienti ent// rcp: preparati on

Is most specific than:

rcp: recipi pe/ rcp: ingredienti ent/\*

For the preparation element

# Special cases

- If no template matches a node:
  - XSLT applies a **default template rule**:
    - text is copied to the output
    - nodes apply the stylesheet recursively to the children
- If several templates match a node:
  - a run-time error occurs
  - the results of the evaluation of the bodies are concatenated

# Names, Modes, Priorities

- Templates may have other attributes beside match
  - name: used to call templates like function
  - mode: used to restrict the candidate templates
  - priority: used to determine specificity

# Sequence Constructors

- Element and attribute constructors
- Text constructors
- Copying nodes
- Recursive application
- Repetitions
- Conditionals
- Template invocation
- Variables and parameters
- Built-in template rules
- Grouping
- Sorting
- Numbering

# Element and attribute constructors

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform"
      xml ns="http: //www. w3. org/1999/xhtml ">
<xsl : templ ate match="/">
  <html>
    <head>
      <ti tl e>Hel l o Worl d</ti tl e>
    </head>
    <body bgcol or="green">
      <b>Hel l o Worl d</b>
    </body>
  </html>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : styl esheet>
```

# Computed Attribute Values

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
    xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<xsl : template match="/">
    <html>
        <head>
            <title>Hello World</title>
        </head>
        <body background="{!!@background}">
            <b>Hello World</b>
        </body>
    </html>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Explicit Constructors

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform"
      xml ns="http: //www. w3. org/1999/xhtml ">
<xsl : templ ate match="/">
  <xsl : el ement name="html ">
    <xsl : el ement name="head">
      <xsl : el ement name="ti tle">
        Hello Worl d
      </xsl : el ement>
    </xsl : el ement>
    <xsl : el ement name="body">
      <xsl : attribute name="bgcol or" select="' green' "/>
      <xsl : el ement name="b">
        Hello Worl d
      </xsl : el ement>
    </xsl : el ement>
  </xsl : el ement>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : styl esheet>
```

# Computed Attributes Values

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
    xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<xsl : template match="/">
    <xsl : element name="html">
        <xsl : element name="head">
            <xsl : element name="title">
                Hello World
            </xsl : element>
        </xsl : element>
        <xsl : element name="body">
            <xsl : attribute name="bgcolor" select="//@bgcolor"/>
            <xsl : element name="b">
                Hello World
            </xsl : element>
        </xsl : element>
    </xsl : element>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Text Constructors

- Literal text becomes character data in the output
- Whitespace control requires a constructor:

```
<xsl:text>2+2 = </xsl:text><xsl:value-of select="2+2"/>
```

- The (atomized) value of an XPath expression:

```
<xsl:value-of select=".//@unit" />
```

# Copying Nodes

- The `copy-of` element creates **deep** copies
- The `copy` element creates **shallow** copies
- Give top-most HTML lists square bullets:

```
<xsl:template match="ol | ul">
  <xsl:copy>
    <xsl:attribute name="style"
      select="list-style-type: square;"/>
    <xsl:copy-of select="./*"/>
  </xsl:copy>
</xsl:template>
```

# Recursive Application

- The `apply-template` element
  - finds some nodes using the `select` attribute
  - applies the entire stylesheet to those nodes
  - concatenates the resulting sequences
- The default `select` value is `child::node()`

# Student Data

```
<students>
  <student id="100026">
    <name>Joe Average</name>
    <age>21</age>
    <major>Biology</major>
    <results>
      <result course="Math 101" grade="C-"/>
      <result course="Biology 101" grade="C+"/>
      <result course="Statistics 101" grade="D"/>
    </results>
  </student>
  <student id="100078">
    <name>Jack Doe</name>
    <age>18</age>
    <major>Physics</major>
    <major>XML Science</major>
    <results>
      <result course="Math 101" grade="A"/>
      <result course="XML 101" grade="A-"/>
      <result course="Physics 101" grade="B+"/>
      <result course="XML 102" grade="A"/>
    </results>
  </student>
</students>
```

# Generating Students Summaries

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : templ ate match="students">
  <summary>
    <xsl : apply-templ ates select="student"/>
  </summary>
</xsl : templ ate>

<xsl : templ ate match="student">
  <grades>
    <xsl : attribut e name="i d" select="@i d"/>
    <xsl : apply-templ ates select=". //@grade"/>
  </grades>
</xsl : templ ate>

<xsl : templ ate match="@grade">
  <grade>
    <xsl : val ue-of select=". . "/>
  </grade>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : styl esheet>
```

# The Output

```
<summary>
  <grades i d="100026">
    <grade>C-</grade>
    <grade>C+</grade>
    <grade>D</grade>
  </grades>
  <grades i d="100078">
    <grade>A</grade>
    <grade>A-</grade>
    <grade>B+</grade>
    <grade>A</grade>
  </grades>
</summary>
```

# An Identity Transformation

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="/|@*|node()">
    <xsl : copy>
        <xsl : apply-templates select="@*|. /node()"/>
    </xsl : copy>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Repetitions

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:xsl ="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="students">
  <summary>
    <xsl : apply-templates select="student"/>
  </summary>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="student">
  <grades>
    <xsl : attribute name="id" select="@id"/>
    <xsl : for-each select=".//@grade">
      <grade>
        <xsl : value-of select=".."/>
      </grade>
    </xsl : for-each>
  </grades>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

```
<summary>
  <grades i d="100026">
    <grade>C-</grade>
    <grade>C+</grade>
    <grade>D</grade>
  </grades>
  <grades i d="100078">
    <grade>A</grade>
    <grade>A-</grade>
    <grade>B+</grade>
    <grade>A</grade>
  </grades>
</summary>
```

# Using Modes (1/2)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="students">
  <summary>
    <xsl : apply-templates mode="names" select="student"/>
    <xsl : apply-templates mode="grades" select="student"/>
  </summary>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template mode="names" match="student">
  <name>
    <xsl : attribute name="id" select="@id"/>
    <xsl : value-of select="name"/>
  </name>
</xsl : template>
```

# Using Modes (2/2)

```
<xsl : template mode="grades" match="student">
  <grades>
    <xsl : attribute name="id" select="@id"/>
    <xsl : apply-templates select=". // @grade" />
  </grades>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="@grade">
  <grade>
    <xsl : value-of select=". ." />
  </grade>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

```
<summary>
  <name i d="100026">Joe Average</name>
  <name i d="100078">Jack Doe</name>
  <grades i d="100026">
    <grade>C-</grade>
    <grade>C+</grade>
    <grade>D</grade>
  </grades>
  <grades i d="100078">
    <grade>A</grade>
    <grade>A-</grade>
    <grade>B+</grade>
    <grade>A</grade>
  </grades>
</summary>
```

# Conditionals (if)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="students">
  <summary>
    <xsl : apply-templates select="student"/>
  </summary>
</xsl : template>
<xsl : template match="student">
  <grades>
    <xsl : attribute name="id" select="@id"/>
    <xsl : for-each select=". // @grade">
      <xsl : if test=". ne 'F'">
        <grade><xsl : value-of select=". "/></grade>
      </xsl : if>
    </xsl : for-each>
  </grades>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

```
<summary>
  <grades i d="100026">
    <grade>C-</grade>
    <grade>C+</grade>
  </grades>
  <grades i d="100078">
    <grade>A</grade>
    <grade>A-</grade>
    <grade>B+</grade>
    <grade>A</grade>
  </grades>
</summary>
```

# Conditionals (choose)

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
      xml ns: b="http: //busi nesscard. org"
<xsl : templ ate match="b: card">
  <contact>
    <xsl : choose>
      <xsl : when test="b: emai l ">
        <xsl : val ue-of select="b: emai l "/>
      </xsl : when>
      <xsl : when test="b: phone">
        <xsl : val ue-of select="b: phone"/>
      </xsl : when>
      <xsl : otherwi se>
        No i nformati on avai l abl e
      </xsl : otherwi se>
    </xsl : choose>
  </contact>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : styl esheet>
```

# Template Invocation (1/2)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="students">
  <summary>
    <xsl : apply-templates select="student"/>
  </summary>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="student">
  <grades>
    <xsl : attribute name="id" select="@id"/>
    <xsl : for-each select=". // @grade">
      <xsl : call-template name="listgrade"/>
    </xsl : for-each>
  </grades>
</xsl : template>
```

# Template Invocation (2/2)

```
<xsl:template name="listgrade">
  <grade>
    <xsl:value-of select=". " />
  </grade>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# Variables and Parameters

```
<xsl:stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl:template name="fib">
    <xsl:param name="n"/>
    <xsl:choose>
        <xsl:when test="$n <= 1">
            <xsl:value-of select="1"/>
        </xsl:when>
        <xsl:otherwise>
            <xsl:variable name="f1">
                <xsl:call-template name="fib">
                    <xsl:with-param name="n" select="$n - 1"/>
                </xsl:call-template>
            </xsl:variable>
            <xsl:variable name="f2">
                <xsl:call-template name="fib">
                    <xsl:with-param name="n" select="$n - 2"/>
                </xsl:call-template>
            </xsl:variable>
            <xsl:value-of select="$f1+$f2"/>
        </xsl:otherwise>
    </xsl:choose>
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match="/">
    <xsl:call-template name="fib">
        <xsl:with-param name="n" select="10"/>
    </xsl:call-template>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# Grouping

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns: rcp="http://www. brics. dk/i xwt/recipes"
    xmlns: xsl ="http://www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="rcp: collecti on">
    <uses>
        <xsl : for-each-group select="//rcp: ingredi ent"
            group-by="@name">
            <use name="{current-groupi ng-key()}"
                count="{count(current-group())}" />
        </xsl : for-each-group>
    </uses>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

```
<uses>
  <use name="beef cube steak" count="1"/>
  <use name="onion, sliced into thin rings" count="1"/>
  <use name="green bell pepper, sliced in rings" count="1"/>
  <use name="Italian seasoned bread crumbs" count="1"/>
  <use name="grated Parmesan cheese" count="1"/>
  <use name="olive oil" count="2"/>
  <use name="spaghetti sauce" count="1"/>
  <use name="shredded mozzarella cheese" count="1"/>
  <use name="angel hair pasta" count="1"/>
  <use name="minced garlic" count="3"/>
  ...
</uses>
```

# Sorting

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
      xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="students">
  <enrollment>
    <xsl : apply-templates select="student">
      <xsl : sort select="age" data-type="number"
                  order="descending"/>
      <xsl : sort select="name"/>
    </xsl : apply-templates>
  </enrollment>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="student">
  <student name="{name}" age="{age}" />
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Numbering

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
    xml ns: rcp="http: //www. bri cs. dk/i xwt/reci pes"
    xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : templ ate match="rcp: i ngredi ent">
    <rcp: i ngredi ent>
        <xsl : appl y-templ ates select="@* | *" />
        <xsl : attri bute name="l evel ">
            <xsl : number l evel ="mul ti ple" count="rcp: i ngredient"/>
        </xsl : attri bute>
    </rcp: i ngredi ent>
</xsl : templ ate>

<xsl : templ ate match="@*">
    <xsl : copy/>
</xsl : templ ate>

<xsl : templ ate match="*">
    <xsl : copy><xsl : appl y-templ ates/></xsl : copy>
</xsl : templ ate>
</xsl : styl esheet>
```

# Functions

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
    xmlns:local="http://www.w3.org/2004/07/xquery-local-functions">
<xsl : function name="local:fib">
    <xsl : param name="n"/>
    <xsl : value-of select="if ($n le 1)
                                then 1
                                else local:fib($n -1)+local:fib($n -2)"/>
</xsl : function>

<xsl : template match="/">
    <xsl : value-of select="local:fib(10)"/>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Multiple Input Documents

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:rcp="http://www.brics.dk/ixwt/recipes"
  xmlns:xsl ="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="rcp:collection">
  <rcp:collection>
    <rcp:title>Selected Recipes</rcp:title>
    <xsl : apply-templates select="rcp:recipe"/>
  </rcp:collection>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="rcp:recipe">
  <xsl : variable name="t" select="rcp:title/text()" />
  <xsl : if test="not(doc('dishes.xml')//
    rcp:recipe[rcp:title eq $t])">
    <xsl : copy-of select=". />
  </xsl : if>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Multiple Output Documents (1/2)

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns="http: //www. w3. org/1999/xhtml "
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : templ ate match="students">
  <xsl : resul t-document href="names. html ">
    <html >
      <head><ti tl e>Students</ti tl e></head>
      <body>
        <xsl : appl y-templat es select="student" mode="name"/>
      </body>
    </html >
  </xsl : resul t-document>
  <xsl : resul t-document href="grades. html ">
    <html >
      <head><ti tl e>Grades</ti tl e></head>
      <body>
        <xsl : appl y-templat es select="student" mode="grade"/>
      </body>
    </html >
  </xsl : resul t-document>
</xsl : templ ate>
```

# Multiple Output Documents (2/2)

```
<xsl:template match="student" mode="name">
  <a href="grades.html #{@id}"><xsl:value-of select="name"/></a>
  <br/>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="student" mode="grade">
  <a name="#{@id}" />
  <xsl:value-of select="name"/>
  <ul>
    <xsl:apply-templates select="results/result"/>
  </ul>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="result">
  <li>
    <xsl:value-of select="@course"/>:
    <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
    <xsl:value-of select="@grade"/>
  </li>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# The First Output

```
<html>
  <head><title>Students</title></head>
  <body>
    <a href="grades.html #100026">Joe Average</a>
    <br/>
    <a href="grades.html #100078">Jack Doe</a>
    <br/>
  </body>
</html>
```

# The Second Output

```
<head>
  <title>Grades</title></head>
<body>
  <a name="100026"/>Joe Average
  <ul>
    <li>Math 101: C-</li>
    <li>Biology 101: C+</li>
    <li>Statistics 101: D</li>
  </ul>
  <a name="100078"/>Jack Doe
  <ul>
    <li>Math 101: A</li>
    <li>XML 101: A-</li>
    <li>Physics 101: B+</li>
    <li>XML 102: A</li>
  </ul>
</body>
</html >
```

# Including a Stylesheet

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="howabout">
    <answer>
        I don't like <xsl : value-of select="text()" />
    </answer>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : include href="negative.xsl" />
<xsl : template match="*"/>
    <answer>
        I'm crazy for <xsl : value-of select="text()" />
    </answer>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

<howabout>Zuppa Inglese</howabout>



<answer>I don't like Zuppa Inglese</answer>

# Importing a Stylesheet

```
<xsl :stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl :template match="howabout">
    <answer>
        I don't like <xsl :value-of select="text()" />
    </answer>
</xsl :template>
</xsl :stylesheet>
```

```
<xsl :stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl :import href="negative.xsl" />
<xsl :template match="*">
    <answer>
        I'm crazy for <xsl :value-of select="text()" />
    </answer>
</xsl :template>
</xsl :stylesheet>
```

<howabout>Zuppa Inglese</howabout>



<answer>I'm crazy for Zuppa Inglese</answer>

# Multilingual Business Cards

```
<translate  
language="Danish">  
<card>kort</card>  
<name>navn</name>  
<title>titel </title>  
<email>email </email>  
<phone>telefon</phone>  
<logo>Logo</logo>  
</translate>
```

```
<translate  
language="French">  
<card>carte</card>  
<name>nom</name>  
<title>titre</title>  
<email>courriel </email>  
<phone>telephone</phone>  
<logo>Logo</logo>  
</translate>
```

# Generating Stylesheets (1/2)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
    xmlns:b="http://businesscard.org"
    xmlns:myxsl="foo">

<xsl : namespace-alias stylesheet-prefix="myxsl" result-prefix="xsl"/>

<xsl : template match="translate">
    <myxsl : stylesheet version="2.0">
        <xsl : namespace name="">
            select="concat('http://businesscard.org/', @language)"/>
        <myxsl : template match="b: card">
            <myxsl : element name="{card}">
                <myxsl : apply-templates/>
            </myxsl : element>
        </myxsl : template>
        <myxsl : template match="b: name">
            <myxsl : element name="{name}">
                <myxsl : value-of select=". "/>
            </myxsl : element>
        </myxsl : template>
    </myxsl : stylesheet>
</xsl : template>
```

# Generating Stylesheets (2/2)

```
<myxsl : template match="b: title">
    <myxsl : element name="{title}">
        <myxsl : value-of select=". "/>
    </myxsl : element>
</myxsl : template>
<myxsl : template match="b: email">
    <myxsl : element name="{email}">
        <myxsl : value-of select=". "/>
    </myxsl : element>
</myxsl : template>
<myxsl : template match="b: phone">
    <myxsl : element name="{phone}">
        <myxsl : value-of select=". "/>
    </myxsl : element>
</myxsl : template>
<myxsl : template match="b: logo">
    <myxsl : element name="{logo}">
        <myxsl : attribute name="uri" select="@uri"/>
    </myxsl : element>
</myxsl : template>
</myxsl : stylesheet>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# Generated Stylesheet (1/2)

```
<xsl :stylesheet version="2.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
  xmlns:b="http://businesscard.org"
  xmlns="http://businesscard.org/French">
  <xsl :template match="b:card">
    <xsl :element name="carte">
      <xsl :apply-templates/>
    </xsl :element>
  </xsl :template>
  <xsl :template match="b:name">
    <xsl :element name="nom">
      <xsl :value-of select=". "/>
    </xsl :element>
  </xsl :template>
  <xsl :template match="b:title">
    <xsl :element name="titre">
      <xsl :value-of select=". "/>
    </xsl :element>
  </xsl :template>
```

# Generated Stylesheet (2/2)

```
<xsl:template match="b:email">
  <xsl:element name="courriel">
    <xsl:value-of select=".."/>
  </xsl:element>
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match="b:phone">
  <xsl:element name="telephone">
    <xsl:value-of select=".."/>
  </xsl:element>
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match="b:logo">
  <xsl:element name="Logo">
    <xsl:attribute name="uri" select="@uri"/>
  </xsl:element>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# Business Card Translation

```
<card xml ns="http://businesscard.org">
  <name>John Doe</name>
  <title>CEO, Widget Inc.</title>
  <email>john.doe@widget.inc</email>
  <phone>(202) 555-1414</phone>
  <logo uri="widget.gif"/>
</card>
```

```
<carte xml ns="http://businesscard.org/French">
  <nom>John Doe</nom>
  <titre>CEO, Widget Inc.</titre>
  <mail>john.doe@widget.inc</mail>
  <telephone>(202) 555-1414</telephone>
  <logo uri="widget.gif"/>
</carte>
```

# XSLT 1.0 Restrictions

- Most browsers only support XSLT 1.0
- Can only use XPath 1.0
- Missing features
  - for-each-group
  - sequence
  - function
  - result-document
- No sequence values, only result tree fragments

# Red, Blue, and Sorted

■ Transform this list of number to be:

- sorted
- alternatingly red and blue

```
<i ntegerl i st>
  <i nt>15</i nt>
  <i nt>12</i nt>
  <i nt>17</i nt>
  <i nt>25</i nt>
  <i nt>18</i nt>
  <i nt>17</i nt>
  <i nt>23</i nt>
</i ntegerl i st>
```

# XSLT 2.0 Solution (1/2)

```
<xsl:template match="integerlist">
  <html>
    <head>
      <title>Integers</title>
    </head>
    <body>
      <xsl:variable name="sorted">
        <xsl:for-each select="int">
          <xsl:sort select=". " data-type="number"/>
          <xsl:copy-of select=". "/>
        </xsl:for-each>
      </xsl:variable>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="$sorted"/>
    </body>
  </html>
</xsl:template>
```

# XSLT 2.0 Solution (2/2)

```
<xsl:template match="int">
  <li>
    <font>
      <xsl:attribute name="color"
        select="if (position() mod 2 = 0) then 'blue'
               else 'red' />
      <xsl:value-of select="text()" />
    </font>
  </li>
</xsl:template>
```

# XSLT 1.0 Solution (1/3)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="1.0"
    xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">

    <xsl : template match="integerlist">
        <xsl : copy>
            <xsl : apply-templates>
                <xsl : sort select=". ." data-type="number"/>
            </xsl : apply-templates>
        </xsl : copy>
    </xsl : template>

    <xsl : template match="int">
        <xsl : copy-of select=". ."/>
    </xsl : template>

</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# XSLT 1.0 Solution (2/3)

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="1.0"
      xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml "
      xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">

<xsl : template match="integerlist">
  <html>
    <head>
      <title>Integers</title>
    </head>
    <body>
      <xsl : apply-templates/>
    </body>
  </html>
</xsl : template>
```

# XSLT 1.0 Solution (3/3)

```
<xsl:template match="int[position() mod 2 = 0]">
  <li>
    <font color="blue">
      <xsl:value-of select="text()" />
    </font>
  </li>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="int[position() mod 2 = 1]">
  <li>
    <font color="red">
      <xsl:value-of select="text()" />
    </font>
  </li>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (1/6)

```
<xsl : styl esheet versi on="2. 0"
      xml ns="http: //www. w3. org/1999/xhtml "
      xml ns: rcp="http: //www. bri cs. dk/i xwt/reci pes"
      xml ns: xsl ="http: //www. w3. org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : templ ate match="rcp: collecti on">
  <html >
    <head>
      <ti tl e><xsl : val ue-of select="rcp: descri ption"/></ti tl e>
      <l ink href="styl e. css" rel ="styl esheet" type="text/css"/>
    </head>
    <body>
      <tabl e border="1">
        <xsl : appl y-templ ates select="rcp: reci pe"/>
      </tabl e>
    </body>
  </html >
</xsl : templ ate>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (2/6)

```
<xsl:template match="rcp: recipe">
  <tr>
    <td>
      <h1><xsl:value-of select="rcp:title"/></h1>
      <i><xsl:value-of select="rcp:date"/></i>
      <ul><xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:ingredient"/></ul>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:preparation"/>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:comment"/>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:nutrition"/>
    </td>
  </tr>
</xsl:template>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (3/6)

```
<xsl:template match="rcp:ingredient">
  <xsl:choose>
    <xsl:when test="@amount">
      <li>
        <xsl:if test="@amount != '*'">
          <xsl:value-of select="@amount"/>
          <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
          <xsl:if test="@unit">
            <xsl:value-of select="@unit"/>
            <xsl:if test="number(@amount)>number(1)">
              <xsl:text>s</xsl:text>
            </xsl:if>
            <xsl:text> of </xsl:text>
          </xsl:if>
        </xsl:if>
        <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
        <xsl:value-of select="@name"/>
      </li>
    </xsl:when>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (4/6)

```
<xsl:otherwise>
    <li><xsl:value-of select="@name"/></li>
    <ul><xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:ingredient"/></ul>
    <xsl:apply-templates select="rcp:preparation"/>
</xsl:otherwise>
</xsl:choose>
</xsl:template>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (5/6)

```
<xsl:template match="rcp: preparation">
  <ol><xsl:apply-templates select="rcp: step"/></ol>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="rcp: step">
  <li><xsl:value-of select="text() | node()" /></li>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="rcp: comment">
  <ul>
    <li type="square"><xsl:value-of select="text() | node()" /></li>
  </ul>
</xsl:template>
```

# XSLT for Recipes (6/6)

```
<xsl : template match="rcp: nutrition">
  <table border="2">
    <tr>
      <th>Calories</th><th>Fat</th><th>Carbohydrates</th><th>Protein</th>
      <xsl : if test="@alcohol">
        <th>Alcohol</th>
      </xsl : if>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@calories"/></td>
      <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@fat"/></td>
      <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@carbohydrates"/></td>
      <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@protein"/></td>
      <xsl : if test="@alcohol">
        <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@alcohol"/></td>
      </xsl : if>
    </tr>
  </table>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window with two recipe cards displayed side-by-side.

**Zuppa Inglese**

Fri, 28 May 04

- 4 egg yolks
- 2.5 cups of milk
- 21 Savoiardi biscuits
- 0.75 cup of sugar
- 1 cup of Alchermes liquor
- lemon zest
- 0.5 cup of flour
- fresh whipping cream

1. Warm up the milk in a nonstick sauce pan
2. In a large bowl beat the egg yolks with the sugar, add the flour and combine the ingredients until well mixed.
3. Add the milk, a little bit at the time to the egg mixture, mixing well.
4. Put the mixture into the sauce pan and cook it on the stove at a medium low heat. Mix the cream continuously with a wooden spoon. When it starts to thicken remove it from the heat and pour it on a large plate to cool off.
5. Stir the cream now and then so that the top doesn't harden.
6. Dip quickly both sides of the lady fingers in the liquor. Layer them one at the time in a glass bowl large enough to contain 7 biscuits.
7. Spread 1/3 of the cream and repeat the layer with lady fingers. Finish with the cream.

- Refrigerate for at least 4 hours better yet overnight. Before serving decorate the zuppa inglese with whipped cream.

Calories	Fat	Carbohydrates	Protein	Alcohol
612	49%	45%	4%	2%

**Cailles en Sarcophages**

Fri, 28 May 04

- nasty

# A Different View

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0"
    xmlns: rcp="http://www.brics.dk/ixwt/recipes"
    xmlns: xsl ="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="rcp: collection">
    <nutrition>
        <xsl : apply-templates select="rcp: recipe"/>
    </nutrition>
</xsl : template>

<xsl : template match="rcp: recipe">
    <dish name="{rcp: title/text()}">
        calories="{rcp: nutrition/@calories}"
        fat="{rcp: nutrition/@fat}"
        carbohydrates="{rcp: nutrition/@carbohydrates}"
        protein="{rcp: nutrition/@protein}"
        alcohol="{if (rcp: nutrition/@alcohol)
            then rcp: nutrition/@alcohol else '0%'}"/>
    </xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Output

```
<nutri ti on>
  <di sh name="Beef Parmesan wi th Garl i c Angel Hair Pasta"
        cal ori es="1167"
        fat="23%" carbohydrates="45%" protei n="32%" al cohol ="0%"/>
  <di sh name="Ri cotta Pi e"
        cal ori es="349"
        fat="18%" carbohydrates="64%" protei n="18%" al cohol ="0%"/>
  <di sh name="Li ngui ne Pescadoro"
        cal ori es="532"
        fat="12%" carbohydrates="59%" protei n="29%" al cohol ="0%"/>
  <di sh name="Zuppa I ngl ese"
        cal ori es="612"
        fat="49%" carbohydrates="45%" protei n="4%" al cohol ="2%"/>
  <di sh name="Cai lles en Sarcophages"
        cal ori es="8892"
        fat="33%" carbohydrates="28%" protei n="39%" al cohol ="0%"/>
</nutri ti on>
```

# A Further Stylesheet

```
<xsl : stylesheet version="2.0" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml "
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
<xsl : template match="nutrition">
  <html>
    <head><title>Nutrition Table</title></head>
    <body>
      <table border="1">
        <tr>
          <th>Dish</th><th>Calories</th><th>Fat</th><th>Carbohydrates</th><th>Protein</th>
        </tr>
        <xsl : apply-templates select="dish"/>
      </table>
    </body>
  </html>
</xsl : template>
<xsl : template match="dish">
  <tr>
    <td><xsl : value-of select="@name"/></td>
    <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@calories"/></td>
    <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@fat"/></td>
    <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@carbohydrates"/></td>
    <td align="right"><xsl : value-of select="@protein"/></td>
  </tr>
</xsl : template>
</xsl : stylesheet>
```

# The Final Output

A screenshot of a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The title bar reads "Nutrition Table - Mozilla Firefox". The menu bar includes "File", "Modifica", "Visualizza", "Cronologia", "Segnalibri", "Strumenti", and a question mark icon. To the right of the menu is a weather widget showing "Adesso: Soleggiato, 13° C" with a sun icon. The main content area displays a nutrition table with the following data:

Dish	Calories	Fat	Carbohydrates	Protein
Beef Parmesan with Garlic Angel Hair Pasta	1167	23%	45%	32%
Ricotta Pie	349	18%	64%	18%
Linguine Pescadoro	532	12%	59%	29%
Zuppa Inglese	612	49%	45%	4%
Cailles en Sarcophages	8892	33%	28%	39%

# XSL-FO

- XSLT was originally design to target XSL-FO
- XSL-FO (Formatting Objects) in an XML language for describing physical layout of texts
- Widely used in the graphics industry
- Not supported by any browsers yet

# Essential Online Resources

- <http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt20/>
- <http://saxon.sourceforge.net/>
- <http://www.w3.org/TR/xsl/>
- <http://xml.apache.org/fop/>